D-8155-G(8)(c)



## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

CROSS-REFERENCE

Special Branch RegulzoFFICE

CONFIDENTIAL

DRAWER

SUBJECT:

New Army raised by Wang being Wei.

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	PARTICULARS	•	OFFICE	FILE NO.
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	INSTRUCTION	S SEE OVER		

Provisional 13th Division of the National Army - reorganized from the 12th Route Peace and National Construction Army under the command of Ting Sih San.

In accordance with insturctions from the Military Affairs Commission of the National Government, Nanking, the reorganization of the 12th Route Peace and National Construction Army under the command of Ting Sih San (了 為 山), into the Provisional 13th Division of the National Army ( 清海洋東方十三日中) was commenced on October 1, 1940. Ting assumed command of the new division as Divisional Commander on October 10, 1940 and has his Divisional Headquarters at Poh Chiao ( 此 稿). At the beginning of November, 1940, a Shanghai Office of the Division was established at 34, Ling Ying Road, Nantao, known

(DIVISION )

DC (bing

The division has a total strength of some
is
7,000 men at present. Their disposition/as follows:

Division of the National Army (智倫孝军艺十三病

as the "Shanghai Office of the Provisional 13th

Coopies &	*	Place			Strength	
asas 2 sent.	Poh Chiao (D			rters)	1,000	
E and Z	San Kwan Don Southern Wh	g ( = 7	皇堂)		1,000	
	Ming Hong	(函	行)		500	
	Tse Pao	(x	至)		500	
n 1940 by	Sze King	(3)	证)		500	
SOSCIAL BELLEGE	Tsingpo	(考	<b>i南</b> )		,1,000	
	Sungkiang	1 +2	12)	4 1	500	
	Former site University, Station Rd.	Rai Iway	A Per V		1,000	

Place

Former site of the Kiangsu 2nd Prison, Zaowookyung (音页):

Strength

1,000

7,000

DATE 26/ n. / G

Translation of an official despatch No.1, characters " A name and " \*\* /2." of the Headquarters of the Provisional 13th Division, dated November 12, 1940, received by the Central Police Station.

Instructional Order No.1318, characters

" and " " of the Military Affairs Commission
has been received which is to the following effect:-

"In connection with the organization of the

Provisional 13th Division, two official seals have been made and issued by the Civil Officers' Department of the National Government at the request of the Secretariat of this Commission. One of the seals made of brass, bears the characters: "Officials seal of the Headquarters of the Provisional 13th Division" and the other, made of horn, bears the characters: "Divisional Commander of the Provisional 13th Division". These seals have now been delivered to this Commission and the Commander of that Division is hereby instructed to detail a responsible officer to this commission to take delivery of the seals in question ... He is also instructed to report the date of using these seals together with two copies of each in due course."

In compliance with the foregoing instructions, the undersigned has received the two official seals aforesaid. The undersigned officially assumed the post of Divisional Commander on October 10,1940 and commenced using the official seals on November 12, 1940. The various brigades, regiments and battalions have been instructed to complete their organization as soon as possible in accordance with orders. Apart from reporting

to the higher authorities and notifying all concerned of the above, you are hereby notified of the above and requested to give him advice from time to tiges.

Ting Sin San (丁烷二)
(Signed)

Davisional Commander.

To the Central Police Station.
International Settlement.
Dated November 12, 1940.

(3)

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order colling a more than illier filler o ission

time 200, this domnission instructed its erreturing to request the Civil Officers' Demartment of the National Government to prepare the necessary scale and issue them to has Commander concerned for use.

A brass seal bearing the characters = April + 15 4 55 45

Accordingly an officer was despatched to receive the scale.
On loth October the undereigned essumed the post of Division
Communder and on 13th November the scale were formally put to use,
To conform with the system of organization of the Bational Army
the various brigades, regiments and battalions in this Division
have been esdered to reorganize themselves completely within the

shortest possible time. Apart from reporting to the superior authorities and issuing notices to the superior authorities and issuing notices to the above effect, the council is hereby requested to take note and to give us advice from time to time.

(Signed and shopped)

Ting Heih-sei (三 第 丁)
Division Commander
Provisional Thirteenth Division of
the Rational Army.

(Note: Received for translation a.m. 14th November, 1940).





FM.

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SHANGHAT MUNICIPAL POLICE.
AL S.2 Special

File No. D. SIXVE(8)

# CONFIDENTIAL

REPORT

Date February 2019

Subject	Efforts to build army by wang Ching Wei.
******	
Made by	and Forwarded by Supt. Tan Shao Liang

Enquiries confirm that about 1,000 military cadets completed their education in the Central Military Academy, Kiangwan, on Jebruary 20, after three months' training under General Yeh Poong and Japanese advisors.

These cadets will be put into service in the various parts of Japanese controlled areas where recruiting and conscription of men is being carried on.

Vast numbers of able-bodied men have returned from Shanghai to the interior owing to the prevailing high cost of living which greatly reduces the difficulties of recruiting officers. However, it is believed that shantung and Kwangtung are the best provinces to pick up good soldiers and roughly 100,000 will be required for the organization of an army. Although wang Ching wei's followers claim this army will be required to strengthen the position of his government and further as a means to replace the Japanese troops when they withdraw, yet it

TO FEE 1940

INDEXED BY
(S.B.) REGISTRY
DATE 24/1/1

Japanese.

The formation of Wang Ching Wei's Central Government will probably again be postponed from March 15, the date originally acheduled, due to the fact that Liang Hung Tse, Chief of the Nanking Government, insisted on the celebration of the 2nd anniversary of his government on March 28.

is feared that the men may be used for fighting against

the Chungking forces under close supervision of the

FILE

There remains other questions to be settled between Liang Hung Tse. Wang Keh Min and Wang Ching Wei.

## SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

0
 Station,

File No.

REPORT

-2-

Subject.

Made by.....Forwarded by....

For this reason Dr. Chu Ming Nyi is reported to have

left for kanking.

The meeting in ru Yuen Hoad between Wang Ching wei and Liang Hung Tse on rebruary 19 lasted for only an hour and it is reported was not very makerax satisfactory to both sides.

E (2)

Superintendent

Parla

(Special Branch)

FEB 2 2 1940

## Frenzied Efforts To Build Army By Wang Ching-wei Seen

Determined efforts on the part of Mr. Wang Ching-wei and his followers to raise an army by the end of March were revealed to The CHINA PRISS yesterday, following reports that 525 Chinese officers had graduated from the "Central Military Academy" in the suburbs of Shanghai Tuesday evening.

of Shangha! Tuesday evening.
Lack of military force, it was
stated, was one of the major
difficulties confronting an inauguration ceremony of the
proposed "Central Government,"

A strong army is needed not merely to add color to the insuguration ceremony, it was stated, but it is of vital necessity as a permanent force to uphold the prestige of the "Central Government" and to enforce its order.

Cannot Command Respect
Mr. Wang Ching-wel is fully
aware of the fact that he cannot command the respect of the
Chinese people, and even that
of many of his followers, if he
does not obtain the withdrawal.
of Japanese troops. Yet, if the
Mipponese armies should withdraw, the plans for a "central
regime" are likely to face an
immediate collapse.

The formation of a strong "peace preservation corps," it was stated, was one of the major issues discussed by Mr. Wang Ching-wei and Mr. Liang Hung-chih, chief executive of the "Reformed Government," when the two officials met at Mr. Wang's Yu Yuen Road residence: Monday night.

Made Statement

"Following Mr. Wang's statements that the withdrawal of the Japanese forces was one of the major conditions on which the "Central Government" would be inaugurated, it would be impossible for the new regime to function in the fage of the continued presence of Japan-

regime to function in the fage of the continued presence of Japanese troops, it was stated.

Boubt that the new "Central Government" would be inaugurated before the anniversary of the "Reformed Government" in Nauking was expressed by Mr. Liang Hung-chih on Monday.

According to his statement to the press, as reported by Domei, official Japanese news agency, Mr. Liang jated that "if the new 'Central Government' is established before the second anniversary of the granusation of the 'Reformed Government' at Nauking the 'intra-will merely announce the transfer of its business to the former without celebrating the anniversary.

In revealing his views on this transfer, Mr. Liang appeared, to have affect and former with the same and the control of the control of the same and the control of the con

confidence that the Central bovernment would be inaugurated by March

28 mext

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## Fu May Be Deprived Of "Mayor" Post

That "Mayor" Fu Siao-en of the Shanghai" may be deprived of his office in the near future was strongly rumored in well-informed circles yesterday.

It was stated that the "mayor" berth may be filled by Dr. Ohu Ming-yi, secretarygeneral of the "Orthodox Kue-mintang" and Mr. Wang Chingwei's brother-in-law.

Dr. Chu Ming-yi, it will be re-called, recently went to Nanking and returned with Mr. Liang Hung-chih, head of the "Reformed Government," February 19.

"Mayor" Fu officially assumed office on October 16, 1928, replacing Mr. Sol Hai-wen who, despite his close relationship with the Japanese, was not considered as a man "capable of inspiring the confidence of the Chinese."

Sixty-eight years old, "Mayor" Fu is a native of Chinhai, Che-kiang. Before the establishment of the National Government in 1937, he was considered as one of the most influential merchants in Kiangsu.

Was Leading Businessman

"Mayer" Fu was at one time director and general manager of the Commercial Bank of China. Bank managing director of the China Merchants' Steam Kaviga-tion Company and a number of other leading industrial, banking and commercial concerns.

A close associate of many of China's old-time warlords, Mr. Fu was particularly friendly with Generals Wu Pei-fu and

with General Wu Pel-fu and Sun Chuan-fang, who at that time controlled the Kiangou-Chekiang-Aniswel area.
When the Nationalist revolutionary forces siaened their way scross the rich Yangtse Valley, are Fu forceaw the day when his warlord friends would be dethroned and, with their downfall, saw his own exit. He arranged to ald Sun. Chuan-fang, with money and transport facilities which, as head of the China. Merchants Steam Nationalish.

#### Backed Wrong Horse

As events turned out. Fu backed the wrong horse. The Nationalist Armies occupied estimated and the supporter of the fallen warlows field to Dairen. An order was issued tog his arrest, and many of his real estate and other holdings ere somiscated.

For a decade Mr. Fu Si lived in Dairen and Japan returned for parament ment for parameter to not here only after the sak of Sine Legantese h a in July, 1847, appe

This is simply a removes prevalent for some time are primary reports. Tan 23/2

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## New Central Bank Will Be Based Here

Pciping, Feb. 20.
Shanghai will be the head office of the new central bank which will be established after the new central govvernment under Mr. Wang Ching-wel is established, according to Chinese

is established, according to Chinese reports here.

Notes of the Federal Reserve Bank and the Mong-Kiang Bank will be circulated as usual after the founding of the new central bank, it is stated, because North China will be under a special status.

It is further reported that the new central bank will make the Federal Reserve Bank and the Mong-Kiang Bank its subsidiary organs and extend help when they need it.—Reuter.

format yet:

#### CHINA PRESS.

## Outside Road Talks Held Up As Nippon Adviser Absent

Originally scheduled to take place, preliminary negotiations over details in connection with the medus vivendi agreement between the S.M.C. and the "City Government of Greater Shanghal" on the Outside Roads issue have been postponed nending the return from Nanking of Colonel Igarashi, adviser to the "City Government Police Bureau," it was learned yesterday from Japanese sources.

Colonel Igarashi was to have been one of the officials present of behalf of the "City Government" in these negotiations, which were to have been opened today at a teaparty given by "Mayor" Pu Siao-en. The Japanese adviser, however, has left for Nanking, and is due to return shortly.

Major K. M

S. M

While it is believed that the smaller dens may close down as announced, it is extremely doubted that several large-scale sawbing houses, constructed on a favish scale and involving the investment of hundreds of thousands, would comply with the order.

Because it may take as two months

Major K. M. Bourne, M.C., S.M.P. Commissioner, and Mr. C. Akagi, Special Deputy Com-missioner of the S.M.P., were to

have headed the delegates of the Council at the negotiations. at which Mr. Lu Ying, chief of the "City Government Police Bureau," is to be present.

Meanwhile, skepticism with regard to the foreclosure of all gambling dens in the western district, officially set for March 1 next, was voiced in official

Because it may take as long as two months before the Special Police Force for the Outside Roads area is formed, however, it is hoped that all gambling houses will close upon the assumption of office of this new force,

He Ras now

## Messrs. Wang Ching-wei And Liang Hung-chih In Conference At Shanghai

11111

Matters Of Importance Connected With Formation Of New Central Government Discussed During Yesterday Evening's Conversations

## CIRCULATION OF HUA HSING BANK NOTES DISCUSSED BY MR. LIANG HUNG-CHIH

Mr. Wang Ching-wei, Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the orthodox Kuomintang, and Mr. Liang Hung-chih, chief executive of the Reformed Government, discussed matters believed to be important in connection with the projected establishment of the new Central Government of China,

Jected establishment of the new Central Government of China, af 6 o'clock yesterday evening when the latter called on Mr. Wang at his residence on Yu Yuen Road.

Mr. Liang arrived here yesterday to attend a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hua Hsing Commercial Bank. He will stay here for a few days before returning to Nanking. Following his arrival here, Mr. Liang received press representatives at the Hua Hsing Commercial Bank and pressured on the situation in general in regard to the creation commented on the situation in general in regard to the creation of a new Central Government of China and the future of the bank.

The projected new Central Government would come into existence shortly after the organization of The Hua Hsing Commercial Bank was a stablished as a purely commercial commercia

The projected new Central Gov-ernment would come into existence shortly after the organization of the Central Political Council,

which was expected in the near future, Mr. Liang stated.

If the new Central Government is established before the second anniversary of the organization of the Reformed Government at Nanking, the latter will merely announce the transfer of its business to the former without celebrating the anniversary. Mr. Liang said in the press interview.

"During the past two years since the establishment of the Reformed Government I have been merely performing my duty," Mr. Liang continued.

"I am glad to transfer to the

Liang continued.
"I am glad to transfer to the new Central Government the business under our jurisdiction since the objective of the new central regime is in perfect accord with that of the Reformed Government, which is to rescue the Chinese masses from miseries following the Since Innuise hostithe Chinese masses from miseries following the Sino-Japanese hosti-lities and restore and maintain peace and order in the Japaneseoccupied areas."

Hua Hsing Notes
With regard to the Hua Hsing
Commercial Bank and its future,
the Chief Executive of the Reformed Government stated that the ed Government stated that the circulation of Hua Haing notes, the exchange rate of which was set at 6d, had not been satisfactory, but the Bank will undoubtedly overcome the present situation and attain successful results.

The Hua Hsing Commercial Bank was established as a purely commercial bank although it is connected with the Reformed Government at Nanking as far as its apital is concerned, Mr. Liang pointed out, adding that the Bank will be taken over by the projected new Central Government when it is established, but the Bank will have no direct connection with the new Central regime.

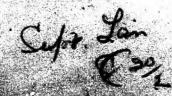
Central Bank Questions

When questioned by a reporter about the possibility of establishing a new Central Bank under the new Central Government, Mr. Liang said: "Since the Tsingtao confer-

new Central Government, Mr. Liang said: "Since the Tsingtao confer-ence I have not been consulted with regard to economic and fin-ancial matters and am not in a position to comment on the ques-

tion." "Some suggest. "Some suggest that the rates Haing Commercial Bank should be reorganized into a new Central Bank, but on the other hand it is worth considering that the Bank remains a commercial bank 'n remains a commercial bank parallel to a new Central Bank.

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Chinese Governments during the
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the projected new Central Govern
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between the two fishions.



### CHINA PRESS.

FF 20 1940

## 'Reformed Government' Head Visits Wang At Yu Yuen Road Home

Yu Yuen Koad Home

Mr. Wang Ching-wei, "Chairman" of the "Central Executive Committee" of the "orthodox Kuominang," and Mr. Liang Hung-chieh, "Chief executive of the "Reformed Government," discussed matters, believed to be important in connection with the projected establishment of the new "central government" of China, at 6 o'clock yesterday evening, when the latter called on Mr. Wang at his residence on Yu Yuen Road.

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#### FER 20 1940

# Wang Ching-wei, new central government the business under our jurisdiction since the

#### Liang Savs Central Regime To Absorb Nanking Duties

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Press Representatives

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ment would come into existence, shortly after the organisation of the central political council, which was expected in the near future, Mr.

Liang stated.

If the new central government is established before the second anniversary of the organisation of the Reformed Government at Nanking, the latter will merely announce the transfer of its fusiness to the former without calebrating the anni-versary, Mr. Liang said in the press interview.

Duty Performed

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Japanese-occupied areas."
With regard to the Hua Hsing
Commercial Bank and its future, the chief executive of the Reformed Government stated that the circulation of Hua Hsing notes the exchange rate of which was set at 6d, had not been satisfactory, but the bank will undoubtedly overcome the present situation and attain successful results as it has enough reserve funds in foreign currency and conducts its business

Hua Hsing Bank The Hua Hsing Commercial Bank was established as a purely com-mercial bank although it is con-nected with the Reformed Government at Nanking as far as its capi-tal-is concerned, Mr. Liang pointed out, adding that the bank will be taken over by the projected new central government when it is es-tablished, but the bank will have no direct connection with the new central regime.

When, questioned by a reporter about the possibility of establishing a new central bank under the new central government, Mr. Liang said:
"Since the Tsingtao conference I have not been consulted with regard to economic and financial matters and am not in a position to com-ment on the question."

Suggestion Received "Some suggest that the Hua Hsing Commercial Bank should be reorganized into a new central bank, but on the other hand it is worth considering that the bank remains a commercial bank in parallel to new central bank.

"The projected new central government is to be created to settle the losses and damages suffered by both the Japanese and Chinese Governments during the past two years of hostilities. In other words, the development of the projected new central government chiefly depends on how it will settle the questions pending between the two